

Pueblo Revolt of 1680 History Frame Map Answer Key

Directions: Summarize the revolt using the graphic organizer below.

Name of event / episode: Pueblo Revolt of 1680



Location: New Mexico

Time frame: 1680



Participants / important people:

Popè

Otermín

Franciscans & Pueblo Indians



Problem:

Pueblo Indians unhappy with Spanish rule due to religious interference, labor exploitation, famine, disease, and Apache raids



Important events (in sequence):

1. 1598-Oñate established New Mexican colony
2. 1599-Acoma rebellion and Spanish retaliation
3. 1608-Franciscans authorized to stay in New Mexico
4. 1675-Popè released from prison and begins plotting rebellion
5. August 10, 1680-revolt began
6. September 21, 1680-Otermín left Santa Fe



Outcome:

Otermín and survivors forced to flee Santa Fe-Spanish pushed out of New Mexico for 12 years. Pueblo Indians restore kivas and burn Catholic churches and missions.

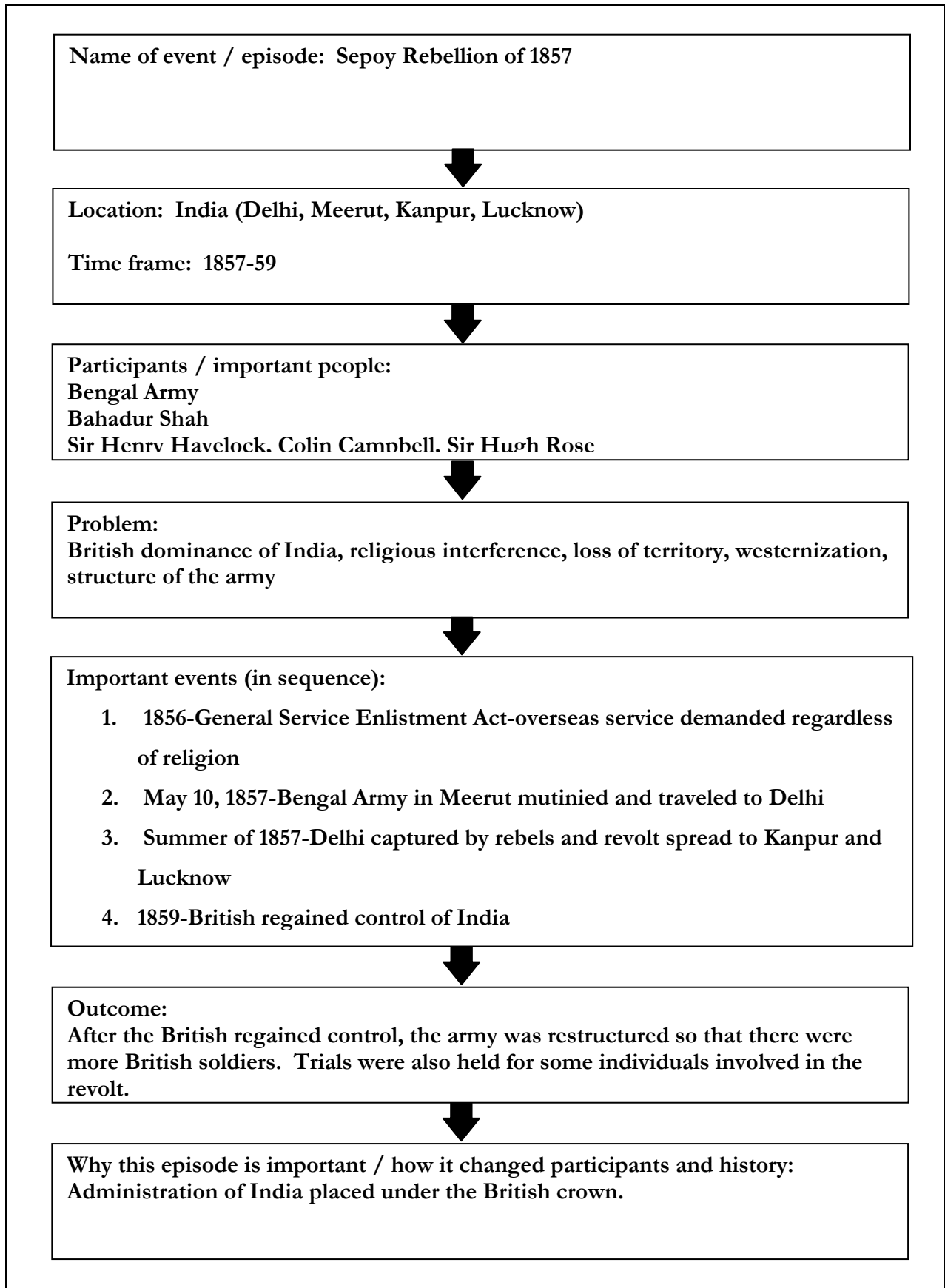


Why this episode is important / how it changed participants and history:

Pueblo Indians became free from Spanish rule for 12 years (until 1692). It was the most successful Native American attack against Europeans in the Americas.

Sepoy Rebellion of 1857 History Frame Map Answer Key

Directions: Summarize the revolt using the graphic organizer below.



Perspectives of the Pueblo Revolt of 1680 Sharing Organizer Answer Key

Directions: After completing the expert organizer for your assigned topic, share your findings with the rest of the group and take notes on their perspectives.

Perspectives	Colonial Leaders Documents B & C	Spanish Settlers Document D	Pueblo Indians Documents E-I	Franciscans Document J	Pueblo Women Document K
<u>Observations</u> Type of source	Circle the correct type below. Declaration Letter Speech Testimony	Circle the correct type below. Declaration Letter Speech Testimony	Circle the correct type below. Declaration Letter Speech Testimony	Circle the correct type below. Declaration Letter Speech Testimony	Circle the correct type below. Declaration Letter Speech Testimony
<u>Observations</u> Details	Conflict between governors and Franciscans (Indian labor) & prejudice against subjects	Spanish soldier-settlers lived in colony, mixing with Indian women, Pueblo traditions and religion continued under Spanish, and harsh punishments exacted on Pueblo Indians by Spanish for practicing their religion	-Details of E: promises of many women and abundant fields if pueblos rebel, threatens those who do not -Details of F-I: fear of Popè, Pueblo Indians faced hunger, Apache raids, ill treatment under Spanish, religious choice, vengeance	Influence of Franciscans in the colony, blending of Catholicism and Indian beliefs, fear of Spanish guns, force of tribute/labor after conversion, famine and pestilence, increasing Apache raids, and 21 out of 32 Franciscans killed in revolt	Women forced to complete labor under encomienda system, sexual exploitation by settlers and priests, encouraged rebellion
<u>Observations</u> Purpose	Peralta-Franciscan power and Vargas-proclamation Otermin-description of the revolt	Provide accounts of settlers	-Purpose of E: persuade Pueblo Indians to revolt - Purpose of F-I: explain revolt	Explain Franciscan role in the colony	To shed light on the perspective of women

<u>Observations</u> Audience	Spanish authorities	Spanish authorities	-Audience of E: Pueblo Indians -Audience: Spanish (Otermín)	Spanish & Church authorities	Fellow Pueblo Indians
<u>Point of view</u> Why would the source have this perspective? Credibility of the Source	-Franciscans showing power -Otermín's prejudice against Indians -Vargas reconquest -Otermín's letter-official letter explaining the loss of the colony	-One excerpt is a testimony-question of coercion -Less known about second excerpt	-Point of View of E: Popè wants Indians to revolt -Point of View of F-I: captured Indians-question of credibility	-Superiority of Franciscans -Religious fervor of Franciscans	Reliability
<u>Summary</u> Underlying cause(s)	-Conflict between governors and Franciscans -Harsh treatment of Pueblo Indians under encomienda system -Religious beliefs	-Mixing with Indian women -Religious suppression -Harsh punishment -Labor demanded of Pueblo Indians	-Fear of Popè -Famine -Ill treatment under Spanish -Apache raids -Religious freedom and choice	-Forced conversion -Tribute/labor -Famine -Disease -Apache raids	-Sexual and labor exploitation of women -Effects on Pueblo society

Perspectives of the Sepoy Indian Rebellion of 1857 Sharing Organizer

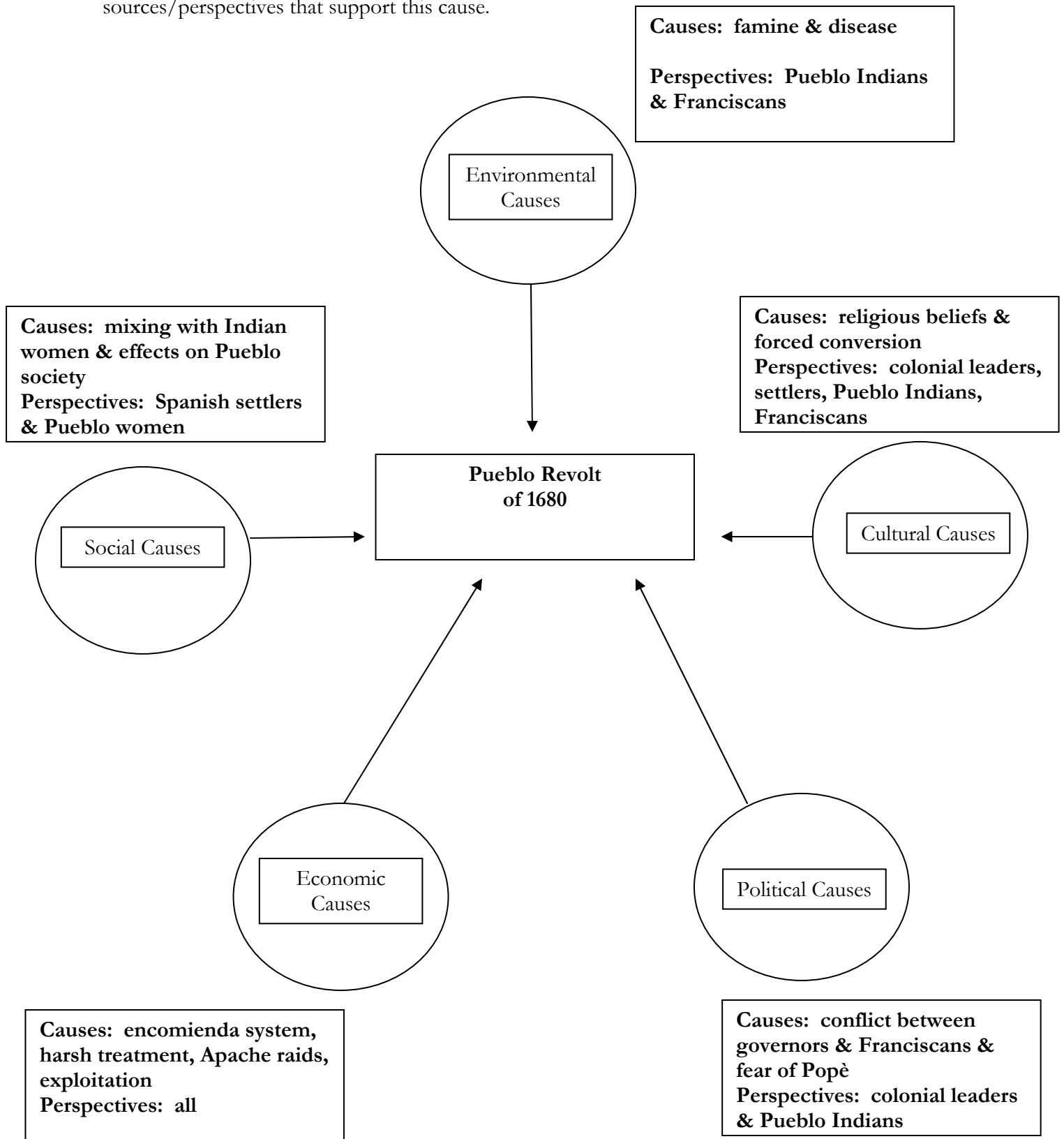
Directions: After completing the expert organizer for your assigned topic, share your findings with the rest of the group and take notes on their perspectives.

Perspectives	British Soldiers & Wives Documents B & C	Indian Leaders Documents D & E	Indian Peasants Document F	Indian Muslims Document G	British News Sources Document H
<u>Observations</u> Type of source	Circle the correct type below. Article Book Cartoon Letter Proclamation	Circle the correct type below. Article Book Cartoon Letter Proclamation	Circle the correct type below. Article Book Cartoon Letter Proclamation	Circle the correct type below. Article Book Cartoon Letter Proclamation	Circle the correct type below. Article Book Cartoon Letter Proclamation
<u>Observations</u> Details	-Details-B: atrocities on sides of British and Indian -Details-C: plundering and chaos in Meerut once rebellion started, led by sepoys setting fire to city, ruin and desolation in city	Details-D: Hindus & Muslims against British, British land settlements, religious interference, British monopolization of trade, low pay Details-E: encouraging rebellion, pension if join, greased cartridges- deprive faith, influx of Christianity	Peasant involvement, plundering in towns, and Hindu/Muslim religion	Misunderstanding, poorly managed army, religious conflict	British news emphasized retaliation after Kanpur massacre

<u>Observations</u> Purpose	-Purpose-B: British retaliation Purpose-C: describe opening of revolt	Justify and encourage revolt	Describe peasant involvement in revolt	Detail causes from an Indian Muslim perspective	Show change in British news during revolt
<u>Observations</u> Audience	-Audience-B: British authorities -Audience-C: letter-British friends	Indians	Indians and British	Fellow Indians (Muslims)	British
<u>Point of view</u> Why would the source have this perspective? Credibility of the Source	-B: Indians first committed atrocities according to British -C: shock and horror	Encourage rebellion	Rebelling peasants-some moving against old enemies	Pro-Western	Retaliation against Indians due to Kanpur massacre
<u>Summary</u> Underlying cause(s)	-British & Indian atrocities -Plundering led by sepoys	-Religious interference -British monopolization of goods -Low pay -British land administration -Army pensions -Greased cartridges	-Rebelling peasants-some moving against old enemies -Dissatisfied with land administration (revenues payments) -Religious motivation	Misunderstanding -Poorly managed army -Religious conflict	Massacre at Kanpur prompted British retaliation during the rebellion

Causes of the Pueblo Revolt of 1680 Thematic Map Answer Key

Directions: After sharing the perspectives of the Pueblo Revolt, categorize the causes of the Pueblo Revolt into the five overarching concepts below. For each cause, be sure to include the sources/perspectives that support this cause.



Causes of the Sepoy Rebellion of 1857 Thematic Map Answer Key

Directions: After sharing the perspectives of the Sepoy Rebellion, categorize the causes of the Sepoy Rebellion into the five overarching concepts below. For each cause, be sure to include the sources/perspectives that support this cause.

